## BOARD OF APPORTIONMENT PUBLIC HEARING

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IN RE: ARKANSAS SENATE DISTRICTS and
ARKANSAS HOUSE DISTRICTS.
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Tuesday, November 28, 2000
Cossatot Vocational Technical College
Fire Training Center
Highway 399
DeQueen, Arkansas
10:30 a.m.

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## APPEARANCES:

ON BEHALF OF GOVERNOR'S OFFICE:

OLAN "BUTCH" REEVES GREG KIRKPATRICK CHRISTY ROGERS

ON BEHALF OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE:

TIM HUMPHRIES

ON BEHALF OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE:

LARRY CRANE

## COURT REPORTER:

DEBBYE L. PETRE, CCR
Petre's Stenograph Service
P. O. Box 1027
Little Rock, Arkansas 72203

## ALSO PRESENT:

CHAD GALLAGHER, MAYOR OF DEQUEEN
DON BAKER, PIKE COUNTY JUDGE
THOMAS M. SHAW
DEWAYNE MACK, STATE REPRESENTATIVE
FRANK ADAMS, COSSATOT TECHNICAL COLLEGE

GARY D. MOORE, MAYOR OF BEN LOMOND
JOHN HICKEL
SANDRA DUNN, COUNTY CLERK, DEQUEEN
ANN BLACKWELL, MAYOR OF GILLHAM
LARRY TEAGUE, STATE REPRESENTATIVE
DICK TALLMAN, SEVIER COUNTY JUDGE
KEN COWLING, STATE REPRESENTATIVE NUMBER 20
WAUSITA HINTON, COUNCILMAN OF FOREMAN

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1	PROCEEDINGS
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3	TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 2000
4	* * * * *
5	MR. OLAN REEVES: I think we are about
6	ready to get started. I would like to
7	welcome everybody today. Please sign in at
8	the sign-in sheet so we can keep a record of
9	the people who were here. We are going to
10	open it up for questions in a few minutes.
11	And when we do, we would ask that you state
12	your name. The court reporter is taking
13	everything down. If she doesn't get your
14	name, it is going to say "unidentified male"
15	or "unidentified female", so please state
16	your name so the Board will know who you are
17	and what your comments are, and talk loud
18	enough for Ms. Petre to hear you.
19	I'm Butch Reeves from the Governor's
20	office. The three Board of Apportionment
21	members, the Governor, the Secretary of
22	State, and the Attorney General, members of
23	their staffs are here. Tim Humphries from
24	Sharon Priest's office; Larry Crane from the
25	Attorney General's office, Mark Pryor; Greg

Kirkpatrick from the Governor's office, and Christy Rogers from the Governor's office, as well.

We are going to Hot Springs this afternoon. We have been to several cities and have got four more to go, not including Hot Springs.

We've got some handouts over here which have the current maps for your current

Senate and House districts, plus the Census

Bureau has given us their 1999 projections of what they think the population increases are by county. That's merely a projection.

That's not based on the census numbers that they have taken. We just -- we need to come and get your comments of what you like and don't like. We have already heard some of those. But we would like for you to repeat those to get them on the record so the Board can hear that, hear what you like about

District 18, 19, and 20, and what you don't like. We are used to that. We have been

23	everywhere and	everybody	says, "Fix	this in
24	my county," "F	ix this in	my county.	" That's
25	why we are here	e, we want	you to tel	l us

Howard County, Pike County, Sevier County. 2 3 I don't remember another county, I didn't 4 see anybody from Miller County. 5 We appreciate you being here. Basically, what will happen -- let me tell 6 7 you, this is our website, the re-districting 8 office has a web page with lots of information on it. It has court cases, a 9 scenario of what the legal guidelines are, 10 11 it also has a time line, it has a whole bunch of stuff. This is our website. If 12 you log onto that, you can even leave 13 comments for the Board to see. In fact, you 14 can read other comments from other people 15 16 that have left them on there, too. So you 17 can log on there any time. We have a

those things. I know we have people from

L8	re-districting office where this computer is
L9	actually kept.
20	Ron Sheffield is the, I guess, the
21	coordinator for the Board of Apportionment
22	in that office, in the Aegon Building across
23	from the State Capitol. This is what the
24	first page looks like.
25	We do have some time lines of when

1	things will happen. The President, as far
2	as congressional re-districting, will get
3	the numbers in January. We will get the
4	census numbers by March 31st, sometime
5	between March 1st and March 31st, we will
6	get those numbers from the Census Bureau.
7	This time, unlike 1990, the numbers will
8	come in by precinct, not township as they
9	did before. So we will be using precincts
10	to draw the House and Senate districts,
11	whereas last time they used townships.
12	Townships don't mean as much as they

used to, and the lines are kind of quirky
sometimes. So we are going to use precincts
as reported by each county to the Census
Bureau. So your county has sent in your
precinct maps, guidelines, to the Census
Bureau, that's the number that's how we
will get those numbers. Those are the
numbers we will use in drawing your House
and Senate district. That will happen about
March by March 31st. It takes a few days
once we get those numbers to load them in
the computer.

We have a computer software that we are

using this time called Auto Bounds that will help us draw these lines. We are going to show you a brief demonstration of that in a little bit. After the proposal by the staff that the Board has approved, it will merely be a draft plan, it will be posted on our website, we will come back out to your area

8	next summer, June, July, hopefully have the
9	Board hear all your comments again. If you
10	are very unhappy about it, we will be back,
11	you can tell us you are unhappy.
12	The Board will review those and vote on
13	the plan sometime in September. We hope by
14	October the 1st to have the plan finalized.
15	In September, when the Board meets, of
16	course, there will be a big meeting in
17	Little Rock, and you are welcome to come
18	down there, but we will have come back to
19	your area, maybe not DeQueen, maybe not the
20	Cossatot Technical College, but somewhere in
21	your area, so you will have access to the
22	plan on the website before we get here. So
23	hopefully by October 1st, we will have the
24	plan voted on by the Board.

The reason for that is so if you want

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to run for a House or Senate district and
you need to move to establish residency, you

will have a whole year to do it, that's really why we do it, because you have to do it before the next election, 2002. This software is fairly convenient, I think it is one of the best we saw. We went to Georgia and saw several software companies come, this is the one we have chosen. It tells us a whole bunch of stuff about each precinct when we pull it up that helps us draw the lines.

I'm assuming Sevier County has grown some, I imagine Pike County has grown. How much will depend on what size district you have. We are projecting that the current House district for the next plan will be a little over 25,000 plus. This time, it was 23 something, 23,400, something like that. A Senate district this time was 67, we think it will be something about 72 plus. So those will be the sizes. So, if your district has grown from 23,400 to 25,000 something, that will comprise the district. If it has grown more than that, your

district will have to shrink some to get the 25,000 in there. That's just the dynamic of how it works.

There are some guidelines that the Supreme Court has set that we will have to follow, and our website talks about what those are, trying to keep communities of interest together, trying to keep compactness, making districts as compact as you can. In rural counties, that's a little difficult, when you have to string out the people because of all the -- like the National Forest, especially, in this part of the state, prevent people from living in those areas. But those are some of the things that we will take into consideration.

Incumbency is something else we are allowed to take in, to think about. So I can't tell you exactly what the Board is going to look at. They haven't decided yet exactly what the guidelines are going to be. We are hoping you give us some information today that helps them frame that when they get ready to vote on it and talk about it. So when you see the plan posted on the

1	website next April or May, it is a proposal,
2	it is a draft, it is not the final plan.
3	I know in '91 they came back out, had
4	the meetings, and went back and changed the
5	plan, based on comments they heard from some
6	of the people at some of the meetings. So,
7	you know, don't get too up in arms, just let
8	us know what you like or don't like. We
9	really want to hear what you have to say.
10	I would like for Tim to kind of go over
11	a little brief demonstration about how the
12	computer works or what it looks like, so you
13	can kind of understand how we are going to
14	be doing what we are doing.
15	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: As Butch mentioned,
16	the software that we are going to be using
17	to do this project is Auto Bound, it is an
18	ESRI product, E-S-R-I, which makes GIS
19	software, and it runs on an Art View
20	platform. So any of you who are familiar

21	with GIS probably know what I just said. I
22	don't know what I just said, but some of you
23	may.
24	If there are any members of the county
25	Boards of Election commissioners, or maybe

this on, we are going to try to have some
workstations using our hardware and software
set up in Little Rock and various other
parts of the state to help counties draw
their JP districts using this software,
rather than the traditional method that most
election boards have to go through, which is
spreading out those 15 different census maps
of your county and taking a calculator and
some crayons and figuring it out, we can use
this software, we think.
We are going to have workstations set
up in Little Rock, Fayetteville, and
Monticello. But to try to help the local

other county officials here who could pass

16	folks do their re-districting jobs, too.
17	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: You left out the
18	southwest Arkansas. Where was it?
19	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Well, actually, I
20	just found out that there is a GIS program
21	at the Community College in Hope. So we are
22	going to try to work with them, too. We
23	haven't contacted them yet, we just found
24	out about it. And we are going to see if we
25	can do that. We are not real sure that we

are going to be able to do this at any of the satellite locations.

I mean, it may be that if you want to take advantage of this, that you may have to come to Little Rock to do it. That is a possibility. But again, as we are trying to find out about these things, we are going to try to talk to the people at Hope and see what they can do. Anybody who has any questions about the software or anything, I

11	would be happy to field them.
12	Other than that, we would be happy to
13	hear basically what we are here for is to
14	hear your comments about districting for the
15	General Assembly in this area of the state
16	and answer any questions that you may have.
17	So, with that said.
18	MR. FRANK ADAMS: Frank Adams from
19	DeQueen, Arkansas. I've got just one
20	comment. If you are going to now take the
21	data based upon precincts, it seems to me
22	that it might be logical to start looking at
23	county boundary lines, because as you have
24	done it by townships and I'm not faulting

good representatives -- but Sevier County is divided among three different representative districts.

While we have benefited from that, it seems a logical process to use those

the process, because we have always had very

6 precincts and to try to get along county 7 lines better. You know, for example, if you had Sevier and Little River and all of 8 9 Howard County in one block, like senatorial districts right there, it would -- it seems 10 11 to me to be more conducive than to break it 12 up by townships. Because then you have 13 people within those townships over here on 14 this end as you have in -- well, Dewayne 15 Mack's representative district, the townships over here have hardly ever a 16 17 chance to know Representative Mack, to be familiar with him before the election ever 18 19 occurs. 20 So, if you get a hot race going on,

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So, if you get a hot race going on, when you spread that out like a great big hot dog, it is very difficult for these men to get around and have the constituents know them, and even to serve the constituents in a way that they would like to serve them. I

1	just want to put that on the record to give
2	some consideration to that. Because I think
3	it is a burden, especially upon
4	representatives like Representative Mack
5	here, because it is tough to get around that
6	whole district.
7	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Yes.

MAYOR CHAD GALLAGHER: DeQueen Mayor,
Chad Gallagher, and I would -- I want to
echo what Frank is talking about. In some
ways, it has been beneficial for us, because
we have had the opportunity to say to three
representatives, "Well, really, you kind of
represent us," which has really worked well
for Sevier County. But at the same time,
the way the lines are drawn right now, you
know, Sevier County is split into three
House districts and DeQueen is actually -the City of DeQueen is split into two House
districts.

And it makes it difficult for many of our constituents with term limits, there is going to be more opportunity for that. If any of our constituents here in our county ever want to run for the House of

1	Representatives and represent us, it makes
2	it real difficult for us to elect someone
3	from Sevier County. And I know that's not
4	the shouldn't be the primary
5	consideration, but it is hard for our
6	county, you know, the Mayor of Gillham and
7	Mayor of Ben Lomond and I, we are all in
8	Sevier County, we meet with common needs, we
9	just met last week for an inter-local
10	government board meeting, we share needs.
11	If they have a need a piece of equipment
12	that maybe the City of DeQueen has, you
13	know, we try to look out for each other, but
14	all three of us are in different House
15	districts.
16	And so, you can see, you know, like
17	Frank, with due respect to the process,
18	there is not much rationale in that. So
19	that's the main thing that I would want to
20	mention, is that I hope that when it is all
21	said and done, that all of Sevier County is
22	in one district.
23	And I think that our population, the
24	Board may be surprised by our population

fast growing Hispanic population, we worked

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2 long and hard to get them counted in the 3 census. If we are successful in that, I think we will see our numbers go up a little 4 5 bit. 6 MR. LARRY TEAGUE: A good example of 7 that residency -- a good example of that is across the street is Dewayne's district and 8 9 we are sitting in my district, you know. That's a good example of what he is saying, 10 11 how the thing comes down. You go down Treating Plant Road a ways, it becomes my 12 13 district over on that side of the street, 14 and I go on over to the Oklahoma line. But it is -- it hasn't been an inconvenience 15 because we all do very well working 16 17 together. But I understand the point he is

MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Yes, sir.

making.

20	MR. JOHN HICKEL: John Hickel, Sevier
21	County. I don't live in DeQueen, I live out
22	in the county. But I also want to share the
23	same concern that Frank and Chad have
24	mentioned. It causes lots of problems,
25	because here we are a county, we are divided

2	is going to take place when it comes down to
3	re-districting for the congressional
4	district, because that's going to, I would
5	imagine, with northwest Arkansas growing the
6	way it is, it is logical that they are going
7	to probably peel off a county or two.
8	Whether it is Polk County, whether it is
9	some other county, I don't know, or whatever
10	it happens to be.
11	But we hit the same thing, maybe it is
12	even less distinct when you get out in the
13	county where that magical boundary is. Here
14	we have a street, we can say, on this side

1 into three House districts. Who knows what

15	of the street it is one, this side, the
16	other. When we go out there around to the
17	people in the counties, who are very
18	knowledgeable people, "Who is your
19	representative?" "Well, my neighbor down
20	here has this one, the neighbor up here has
21	that one. There is no street or road going
22	right through here. And I have always voted
23	for this one."
24	So, anyhow, the other thing is, I think
25	in the county we feel like we don't really

have all that much say as to who the representative is for the House, because your population is divided among three people, and it is pretty hard to feel like you are really represented, even though we have -- we have been fortunate because we have had good representatives. But it is hard to feel real excited sometimes about your county vote being split into three

10	divisions.
11	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Yes, sir.
12	MR. DON BAKER: Don Baker, Pike County
13	Judge. And I have talked with Butch and
14	some other people in the Governor's office,
15	and my concern is, we are in District 32,
16	and the Glenwood area, which was the north
17	and south ward, I believe, or the townships
18	that were put in there, were taken out of 18
19	when it was redone. And, of course, we have
20	had a good representative in Roger, and Ted
21	Mullenex represented us before.
22	But we are kind of strung out at the
23	end of that, and we are the only area that's
24	not in Pike County in 18. And we feel that
25	Glenwood would actually be better

represented if we were in District 18. As a matter of fact, our new representative,

Dewayne Mack's office is in Glenwood. So -and I live in Glenwood, as a matter of fact.

5	So we are very much concerned about that.
6	We would like for that to be moved, if
7	possible, and maybe some of the other you
8	know, I notice Garland County has a section
9	there that's in 18 that's could possibly
10	be changed out, that would when you are
11	running for these offices, you've got to pay
12	a filing fee in each one of them.
13	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Is that right?
14	MR. DON BAKER: That would help the
15	representative, also, if you could eliminate
16	one of those. But that's my concern, is
17	District 32 and 18. We would like to see
18	the Glenwood, all of Pike County in 18, if
19	possible.
20	MR. OLAN REEVES: The District 18
21	person has to file in six different
22	counties.
23	MR. DON BAKER: Yes.
24	MR. OLAN REEVES: That's one of the few

that has that many.

1	MR. DON BAKER: That would eliminate
2	one of them there.
3	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: And there is only
4	one city of any size in 18
5	MR. DON BAKER: Murfreesboro.
6	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: in that whole
7	big area. Yes, sir.
8	MR. KEN COWLING: Representative Elect
9	Ken Cowling, District 20. And I came in
10	just a little bit late. On these census
11	figures here
12	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Yes, sir.
13	MR. KEN COWLING: are these these
14	are estimated through July, and you may have
15	covered this in the first part of this. Are
16	these pretty accurate, or do you think that
17	they are that they will change much? I
18	mean, is this just kind of a good faith
19	guess as of July 1, '99, or do you feel like
20	this is probably going to follow that trend
21	when you get your final figures?
22	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: It is the Census
23	Bureau's best guess as of whatever facts
24	they had back then. You know, I think, just
25	looking at them as a whole, I think you can

see that they are pretty accurate, probably.

I mean, the delta counties, for the most

part, are losing population, the northwest

Arkansas counties, and in the counties in

central Arkansas, around Pulaski County, are

the big gainers, and everybody else is sort

of, you know, just hanging in there.

It pegs the state's growth rate over the decade at about eight percent. That seems about right. But, no, don't put a great deal of stock in them. You know, again, we have heard here in this area that there is some feeling that those aren't really accurate for here. You know, the question is whether the people that they think are actually there actually got counted. But don't put a great deal of stock in them. We bring them to these, because I think they are just interesting, you know, to look at. You kind of get an idea what's going on in your area.

MR. KEN COWLING: Right now, my

23	district is the southern part, southern tip
24	of Sevier County, all of Little River County
25	and part of Miller County. David Hake, who

1	is in 21, represents the city limits of
2	Texarkana. The City of Texarkana has
3	annexed a bunch of area into their
4	boundaries. You know, I don't know how many
5	more folks that they have brought into the
6	city limits. But is it feasible that that
7	district is going to of course, Russ
8	Bennett is in 22, I guess, Lafayette County,
9	and they have lost population, which he will
10	have to move, probably, northward. Does it
11	look like, on y'all's preliminary figures,
12	that it is going to be a shift, if there is
13	a shift, north and westerly from the way the
14	districts are now, if there is a shift?
15	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: You know, just
16	intuition tells me that.
17	MR. KEN COWLING: Yes.

18	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: And it kind of gets
19	into a point that I I was going to talk
20	about after we maybe finish the questions,
21	about, you know, how the whole process works
22	with regard to areas that lose population.
23	Like you've got the delta here, and
24	Mississippi County lost population,
25	according to the census numbers, down like

1	13 percent. That's pretty big. That has
2	big implications for these districts in
3	Mississippi County. They are going to have
4	to geographically get bigger, I mean, in
5	order to find the population to put in these
6	districts, and you have got some that are
7	pretty good size already.
8	So, you know, they are looking for more
9	people, they are pushing the areas out. If
10	you have just held your own, you have still
11	got to find roughly, in a House district,
12	roughly 2,000 more people to put into a

district. And so you are going to have to go find those people somewhere in the same geographical areas. So the map is going to change fairly substantially regardless of where you are at. And that's, you know, that's just something that everybody has to keep in mind.

The districts over here, this is an area of the population that has -- of the state where the population has basically held its own over the last few decades, I mean, not just this decade. And so, a lot of these districts have a historical basis

that goes back to the '60s, you know, or even the '70 re-districting. And, you know, like I say, it is just a function of finding those extra 2,000 people. And one of the things that the Board is going to have to decide is, you know, do we maintain the cores of these existing districts or do we

	8	qo	а	whole	different	direction
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9	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: As I look at the
10	estimate numbers, it looks to me like the
11	estimate that is my district has grown
12	2,000, you know, and so I can see how, you
13	know, on the one hand, I don't see much
14	change. Now, is it plus or minus ten
15	percent, is that the law?

MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: The way we tried to do it last time was plus or minus five percent. You had to plus up and the minus up and you stayed below ten, that's the way it works. So the biggest district, we tried to make it plus five percent or lower, and the smallest district, we tried to make it minus five percent or lower, and managed to do that. And you add those numbers up, and the total variance in '91 was something like

9.7 some-odd, which is under the ten percent

2 and presumptively constitutional then. You

3	are fine if you are under ten percent in
4	your variance.
5	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: Well, as I my
6	district runs, in Howard County, runs just
7	north of Center Point, actually, Messer
8	Creek is the dividing line. And so people
9	from Dierks will call me and say, you know,
10	"I need this," and then I say,
11	"Representative Farris is your
12	representative, I wish you would call him,"
13	or now call Dewayne. But, you know, it is
14	always confusing, and I'm hopeful that we
15	can find a way. And as I have looked at
16	some of these things, sometimes you can make
17	it sort of work on county boundaries, and
18	sometimes you can't. But that would sure be
19	nice, so people knew, so that it is not, you
20	know, "I'm not sure if it is who it is.
21	And so when I go vote, I will just decide
22	whose name is on the ballot, and that's how
23	I will do it." But if we could find a way
24	to do it by county lines, somehow, it would
25	be nice, I think, and it would make it

1 easier	for	the	people.
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MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: That would probably be the ideal thing. That's probably the reason that the drafters of the 1874 Constitution set it up so that each county had a representative, and then the remaining 25 were apportioned among the most populous counties. But that went by the wayside in the '60s when the Supreme Court required population equality.

And what happens, if you just took that list of counties and you could pick out counties that are together, you know, side by side and say, "Well, these counties would go together and just be right on the money," or, "This one particular county is right at 25,000." But when you are actually doing this job and you start in a particular place, you start splitting counties and then, you know, it is just really difficult to maintain that.

And a problem, you know, people do have a hard time saying that, you know, "Where is the dividing line?" You know, the problem is that township lines, even though our

2	be precincts, well, townships are precincts,
3	because you've got to elect JPs from
4	townships.
5	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: Right.
6	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: And so, by virtue
7	of that, some precinct lines are going to be
8	on section lines, they are not going to be
9	on any kind of I mean, not yeah,
10	section lines. They are not going to be on
11	any kind of physical boundary. And so, it
12	is just difficult to know where that
13	boundary is, if you are there on the ground.
14	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: When we look at
15	Benton County with a 40,000 estimate
16	increase, Washington County with 30,000, and
17	Faulkner and Lonoke would be good increases,
18	obviously, as they pick up representatives,
19	these districts down here have to grow
20	somewhat.
21	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Right.

basic building block this time is going to

1	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: I mean, Benton
2	County looks like they get another
3	representative, somehow.
4	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Right.
5	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: Are they multi?
6	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: No.
7	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: They are not?
8	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: The only
9	multi-member districts are in Fort Smith,
10	Hot Springs, and Jonesboro. Those are the
11	only ones that are left. We have been to
12	Fort Smith and Jonesboro, and we've got
13	mixed signals of whether they want to keep
14	those or not.
15	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: Right. I saw in the
16	paper that Fort Smith sort of were mixed.

MR. LARRY TEAGUE: Even though I gather

the delta is going to -- their districts are

going to get considerably larger in area.

MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Right.

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17	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Right.
18	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: Some of them want to
19	stay multi, and some of them want to go
20	MR. KEN COWLING: If you have to split
21	a county up, and I think Chad had mentioned
22	it earlier, and Frank did, also, if
23	consideration could be given to at least
24	drawing straight lines across. You know, if
25	you are going to split Sevier County up, you

1	know, if I pick up additional Sevier County,
2	instead of zigzagging around Sevier County
3	where folks are unsure on where their
4	representative line starts and stops, and I
5	have got the same problem not only in Sevier
6	County, but in Miller County, we have got
7	three representatives, that all three of us
8	could get together in places in Texarkana
9	and we couldn't tell you whose precinct we
10	are standing in, you know.
11	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Right.

12	MR. KEN COWLING: This has been ten
13	years and they still don't know where some
14	of the lines are in Miller County.
15	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Yes. And to the
16	extent that's a problem down here where
17	you've got crooked lines, it is because
18	those township boundaries happen to be on
19	creeks or they are just, you know, one way
20	or the other. It is sort of a function of
21	the way the political boundaries are right
22	now. If you look at a map of Texas
23	sometime, you ought to look at that, but
24	especially out in west Texas and see how it
25	is just like a checkerboard out there, they

1	are just as square as they can be. And it
2	is not like that, obviously, in this part of
3	the country.
4	MR. FRANK ADAMS: Frank Adams from
5	DeQueen, again. You know, I know this

re-class would be very difficult to do, but

7	I think it needs to have some consideration
8	When we are drawing those lines, not only
9	the population, but the relationship of that
10	population within the lines, there is very
11	little relationship between Dierks and
12	Glenwood, there is a good deal of
13	relationship between Murfreesboro and
14	Nashville.
15	So if you are going to do it by
16	precincts and get into county, then we ought
17	to look at what is the relationship between
18	these communities and people within that
19	district. I know that's difficult to do,
20	but some consideration could be given to
21	that concept, looking at the dynamics of the
22	demographics, not just numbers.
23	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: That's exactly why
24	we are here today, is because we are from
25	Little Rock. Of course, nobody is from

2	Warren, and, you know, we are from all over.
3	Now, Butch is from southwest Arkansas, and,
4	you know, we've got folks from Hot Springs
5	and everything like that. But, I mean, we
6	are in Little Rock, you know, we don't we
7	can't know these things just sitting up in
8	Little Rock. We've got to come to y'all,
9	and that's exactly why we are here.
10	MR. DICK TALLMAN: I'm Dick Tallman,

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MR. DICK TALLMAN: I'm Dick Tallman, Sevier County judge. You know, if like the projected population right now, it shows Larry's district to be -- to grow 2,000, and it would be real easy to leave it the same. But if we are correct, and if we counted, you know, our population growth accurately, we think we are going to grow by 4,000people or maybe more. And those 4,000 people are going to be in DeQueen, or very close to DeQueen, and are primarily Hispanics, which so far haven't gotten very active in the election process. So if we don't try to figure out a way to get our boundaries out toward the county lines, we are going to have DeQueen sitting here with

1	a lot of votes that don't vote, so we are
2	going to lose power in Sevier County, you
3	know, in at least Larry's district, to elect
4	anybody.
5	MR. TOM SHAW: It is a good point.

MR. 10M Shaw. It is a good point.

MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Well, and I don't know that you are addressing this issue or not. But we talked previously about the fact that DeQueen is split. And, you know, that will not happen this time. I mean, I feel comfortable in speaking for the Board in saying that, that that kind of thing won't happen this time. And the reason it happened last time is because of the fact that townships were our basic building blocks.

And when we were doing this last time, we had a township map and we didn't see the city limits of anything, and so we put Bear Creek township in one district and Monroe township in another district, you know, and there you go. I'm the only person here who was involved in that process then, and I can just tell you, we made a mistake in doing

1	Yes,	ma	am.

MS. WAUSITA HINTON: But I'm like

Kenny, if you went by section lines -- if

you go by section lines, then it can be

squared up, you won't have to go by a creek

over here, or log over there.

MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Well, again, the problem is that the political boundary, the boundary that the Census Bureau uses to calculate the population -- I mean, to show the population of a township or a precinct is on a physical -- you know, is often on a river or something like that, a lake boundary, and it is not on -- sometimes it is on a section line.

But -- well, let's just look at the crooked lines in this area here. This line here is on the river, this line here is on a river, this one here is on a river.

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1	MS. WAUSITA HINTON: But I worked the
2	census and you went by a road, and they were
3	in blocks.
4	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Let me show you
5	what the census is going to report. Greg,
6	maybe you could get to that.
7	MS. WAUSITA HINTON: And I cannot
8	believe that Little River County lost as
9	many in population.
10	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Well, again, don't
11	put a great deal of stock in these numbers.
12	MS. WAUSITA HINTON: That's almost a
13	thousand people.
14	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: These are just

(Indicating.) That's how you wind up with

lines like that, because those are township

boundaries, and by the same token, they are

also precinct boundaries. So you are going

to have crooked lines, there is no getting

away from that.

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15	estimates by the census, and we won't know
16	for sure what the numbers are until April 1
17	of next year. You know, I think they are
18	probably pretty accurate, generally, but I
19	don't vouch for them at all. Maybe break it
20	down to
21	MR. LARRY CRANE: If you could, when
22	you speak, please give your name every time
23	when you come back into the discussion, and
24	only talk one at a time.

little tighter around DeQueen. The Census

Bureau is going to give us the numbers of

the precincts, here is a precinct line, and

that's a city boundary line, as well. The

Census Bureau is going to give a population

for the state as a whole, for the county as

a whole, and on down to townships and

precincts. They are going to give us a

population of this precinct, and they are

MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Maybe zoom in a

going to give us the population of each of these blocks inside a precinct.

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So, when I say our basic building block 12 13 is going to be the precinct, that's what --14 we are going to try not to split precincts 15 when we are drawing these lines. In order 16 to split precincts, you have to go down to 17 block level. We don't have to do that in 18 this part of the state, and I feel safe in saying that we probably won't split 19 20 precincts in this part of the state. But yes, I mean, we've got -- we will know what 21 22 the population is in that block, a total population broken down by age, race, sex, 23 24 all those demographic criteria that the 25 Census uses.

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MR. OLAN REEVES: I would like to point out one other thing that has happened, I guess in the last year and a half. The Secretary of State and a group out of

Fayetteville has spent an awful lot of time going county by county to make sure the state maps match the county maps, because we found out from some elections four years ago, or even earlier, that the maps that the county clerk or the circuit clerk had in their office didn't match the maps that were in the Secretary of State's office, they were off.

So they have spent an inordinate amount of time making sure the maps that are in the county are the same maps that are in the state, if you know what I'm talking about, because the lines would be different. They would call the Secretary of State and say, "Do I live in this district?" "Yes." Go to the county and they would say, "No, you don't." And it caused a lot of confusion. So those maps have hopefully been straightened out so that we don't have that confusion.

1	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: They are better now
2	than they were when we started this decade.
3	Of course, we have used them up, because
4	there are not going to be any more elections
5	with these districts. And they are going to
6	be a lot better, the maps. I don't know if
7	there are any, again, county election
8	officials here, county clerks or anything,
9	but the maps are going to be a whole lot
10	better this time than they were last time.
11	Basically, there weren't any maps last time.
12	What we sent to the county clerks and the
13	county election officials were just lists of
14	townships, basically, in your area. So it
15	is going to be a lot better this time.
16	I don't know if Butch mentioned this or
17	not, but after we I think he did, but I
18	will just reiterate that after we get the
19	numbers and staff here sits down and draws
20	the plan and draws a plan or plans, we
21	will be coming back out to the local areas,
22	I mean, probably not DeQueen, necessarily,
23	but somewhere in this area, and putting up
24	maps like this and like this, and again

getting your input about what the final map

1	will actually look like.
2	MR. OLAN REEVES: And they will be
3	drafts.
4	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Yes, they will be
5	drafts. I mean, this will be sometime, we
6	are thinking about early summer, maybe,
7	doing this process, late spring, early
8	summer. We are looking for an October date
9	to actually adopt a plan. So we will be
LO	trying to get your input then. And I will
11	tell you this, that the Board of
12	Apportionment changed plans that were
13	drafted by the staff after that round of
14	hearings that we had back in '91. So I
L5	think the voices of the people in those
16	areas will be heard.
17	And we really encourage you to use not
18	only these forums, but our message board on
19	our website. We've got a comment area on
20	our website where you can sign in and tell
21	us these kinds of things. And we really
22	encourage you to use those kind of things t

give us the information that we need to draw

1	(No response.)
2	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: We appreciate
3	everybody coming out.
4	MR. LARRY TEAGUE: We appreciate you
5	guys taking the time to come out, and
6	appreciate y'all's efforts.
7	MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: Thanks.
8	(WHEREUPON, at 11:30 a.m., the taking
9	of the above-entitled public hearing was
10	concluded.)
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the plan.

Any other questions or comments?

1 SIGN-IN SHEET.

1 MAPS.

			)	ss.:
COUNTY	OF	PULASKI	)	

I, DEBBYE L. PETRE, Certified Court
Reporter and notary public in and for the County of
Pulaski, State of Arkansas, duly commissioned and
acting, do hereby certify that the above-entitled
proceedings were taken by me in Stenotype, and were
thereafter reduced to print by means of computer-assisted
transcription, and the same truly, and
correctly reflects the proceedings had.

WHEREFORE, I have subscribed my signature and affixed my notarial seal as such notary public at the City of Little Rock, County of Pulaski, State of Arkansas, this the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2000.

DEBBYE L. PETRE, CCR NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR PULASKI COUNTY, ARKANSAS

My Commission Expires:
August 4, 2010.

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